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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

10.58

REGULAR SESSION, 1989

ENROLLED Committee Substitute for SENATE BILL NO. <u>58</u>

(By Senator PARKER, ET AL)

PASSED <u>APRIL 8,</u> 1989 In Effect **Go JAVS From** Passage

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 58

(SENATORS PARKER, CHERNENKO, BRACKENRICH AND HAWSE, original sponsors)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, six, seven, ten and eleven, article three, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing permitted times and procedures for open burning; use of a safety strip; misdemeanor offense created; increasing fines and penalties; regulating underground coal fires; and providing that landowners exercise all means to extinguish forest fires.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, six, seven, ten and eleven, article three, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FORESTS AND WILDLIFE AREAS.

§20-3-5. Forest fire seasons; permits for fires; prohibited fires; closure of forests.

- 1 The periods of each year between March first and
- 2 May thirty-first, inclusive, and October first and
- 3 December thirty-first, inclusive, are hereby designated

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4 as forest fire seasons. No person shall during any such 5 fire season, except between the hours of four o'clock 6 p.m. and seven o'clock a.m. prevailing time, set on fire 7 or cause to be set on fire any forest land, or any grass, 8 grain, stubble, slash, debris, or other inflammable materials. Any fire set during this time shall be 9 10 extinguished prior to seven o'clock a.m. prevailing 11 time. Such prohibition of fires between seven o'clock 12 a.m. and four o'clock p.m. prevailing time shall not be 13 construed to include (1) small fires set for the purpose 14 of food preparation, or providing light or warmth 15 around which all grass, brush, stubble, or other debris 16 has been removed for a distance of ten feet from the 17 fire, and (2) burning which may be conducted at any 18 time when the ground surrounding the burning site is 19 covered by one inch or more of snow. Any person who 20sets or causes to be set any fire permitted by this 21 section shall not leave such fire unattended for any 22 period of time.

23The director or his designated appointees or 24 employees may issue permits authorizing fires 25 prohibited by the preceding paragraph. Such permits 26may be granted on such conditions and for such 27periods of time as the director deems necessary to 28 prevent danger from fire to life or property, and 29 noncompliance with any term of the permit shall be a 30 violation of this section. Any permit which was 31 obtained through willful misrepresentation shall be 32 invalid. All permit holders shall take all necessary and adequate precautions to confine and control any fire 33 permitted by the authorization; failure to take such 34 action shall be a violation of this section and shall be 35 36 justification for the director or his duly authorized 37 representative to cancel the permit.

When the director considers it necessary to prevent danger from fire to life or property, he may, with the prior approval of the governor, prohibit the starting of and require the extinguishment of any fire in any area designated by the director, and such action may include any fire for which a permit has been issued under the preceding paragraph. In addition, if so

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45 deemed necessary, the director may, with the prior 46 approval of the governor, designate any forest area as 47 a danger area and prohibit entry thereon or use 48 thereof except for the purposes and on the conditions 49 he designates. The director by proclamation shall 50 establish such areas and designate which fires are 51 prohibited therein; and if a danger area is established, 52 he shall announce the purposes for which and 53 conditions under which entry thereon or use thereof 54 may be made. Action hereunder may be taken by the 55 director at any time during the year. Notice of any 56 proclamation hereunder shall be furnished to 57 newspapers, radio stations and television stations 58 which serve the area designated. The proclamation 59 shall not be effective until twenty-four hours after it 60 is proclaimed. Any proclamation hereunder shall 61 remain in force until the director, with the approval of 62 the governor, by order terminates it. The order shall 63 designate the time of termination, and notice of any 64 such order shall be furnished to each newspaper, radio 65 station and television station which received a copy of 66 the proclamation. Any person who starts or fails to 67 extinguish a fire so prohibited or enters or uses a 68 danger area otherwise than permitted shall be guilty 69 of a violation of this section.

No burning allowed by this section may be done unless all inflammable material has been removed from around the material to be burned as a safety strip for a distance which insures that the fire will not escape and which is no less than ten feet. Any person or his agent or employee who sets or causes to be set any fire at any time in the use and occupation of any find on which the burning was being done is in violation of this section if fire escapes beyond the safety strip and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§20-3-6. Failure of person to extinguish fire started or used by him; throwing lighted material on forest land.

1 Any person who, by himself, or by his employees, 2 agents or guides, or as an employee, agent or guide of 3 any other person, shall at any time build or use any

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4 fire in any field, in any public or private road, or in
5 any area adjacent to or in any forest land in this state,
6 shall, before leaving such fire for any period of time,
7 totally extinguish the same.

8 A person shall not at any time throw or place any 9 lighted match, cigar, cigarette, firecracker or lighted 10 material on any forest land, private road, public 11 highway or railroad right-of-way within this state.

12 Any person who violates any provision of this13 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§20-3-7. Starting fire on lands of another; penalties.

1 Any person who willfully sets or causes to be set on 2 fire any forest land, grass, grain, stubble, brush, slash, 3 debris, or any other inflammable substance upon the 4 property of another without his consent, or in a place 5 from which it is reasonable to expect that the fire may 6 spread to the property of another without his consent, 7 and as a result of either causes damage or destruction 8 to any natural resources in or on the other person's 9 property, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon convic-10 tion thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred 11 dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, or be 12 imprisoned for not less than one year nor more than 13 five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

§20-3-10. Spark arresters for sawmills, etc.; risk and hazard reduction to protect against fires; underground coal fires.

1 No person, firm or corporation shall use or operate 2 on land subject to fire by any cause, a sawmill, a 3 power shovel, or an engine or machine capable of 4 throwing sparks, unless the equipment is provided 5 with an approved spark arrester. Escape of fire from 6 such equipment shall be prima facie evidence that 7 such appliance was not maintained properly in 8 compliance with this section.

9 Any person, firm or corporation owning any land 10 and knowing of inflammable waste disposal on said 11 land, and any person, firm or corporation using any 12 land for the purpose of inflammable waste disposal, 13 shall remove annually all grass, brush, debris and 14 other inflammable material adjacent to such disposal 15 areas to provide adequate protection to prevent the 16 escape of fire to adjacent lands. Escape of fire from 17 any such disposal area shall be prima facie evidence 18 that this section had not been complied with.

19 Any person, firm or corporation owning or leasing 20 any mineral interests and knowing of underground 21 coal being on fire under that land shall between the 22 first of November and the thirty-first of December of 23 each year clear away all inflammable material within 24 forty feet of any mine break or other opening through 25 which the fire could escape to the surface. Any person, 26 firm or corporation owning any underground mineral 27 interests shall use all practical means to confine, 28 extinguish or suppress any such fire in such under-29 ground minerals.

30 Any person, firm or corporation violating any 31 provision of this section shall be guilty of a 32 misdemeanor.

§20-3-11. Recovery of costs incurred in fighting fires; landowners responsibility to extinguish fires.

1 The director shall, in the name of the state, recover 2 from the person or persons, firms or corporations 3 whose negligence or whose violation of any provision 4 of this article caused any fire at any time on grass or 5 forest land, the amount expended by the state for the 6 personal services of persons especially employed under 7 the provisions of section four of this article to control, 8 confine, extinguish or suppress such fire, and the costs 9 associated therewith, including payment for the personal services rendered by full-time state depart-10 11 ment of natural resources employees, operating costs 12 of state equipment used and costs related thereto in 13 controlling, confining, extinguishing or suppressing 14 such fire. Such recovery shall not bar an action for 15 damages by any other person.

16 Any such fire which was caused by a trespasser or 17 by a person who was upon the property without the 18 consent of the owner shall not be deemed caused by Enr. Com. Sub. For S. B. No. 58] 6

19 the negligence of the owner; but the owner shall use 20 all practical means to confine, extinguish or suppress any such fire on his land even though it was caused by 21 22 any such person. If he fails to do so, after becoming 23 aware of such fire, the director shall, in the name of 24 the state, recover from him amounts expended by the 25state for the personal services of persons especially 26 employed under the provisions of section four of this 27 article to control, confine, extinguish or suppress such 28 fire and the costs associated therewith, including 29payment for the personal services rendered by full-30 time state department of natural resources employees, 31 operating costs of state equipment used and costs 32 related thereto in controlling, confining, extinguishing 33 or suppressing such fire.

34 Any time that a landowner, his or her agent or 35 employee is aware of a fire on the landowner's 36 property, the landowner shall use all practical means 37 to confine, extinguish or suppress the fire. 7 [Enr. Com. Sub. For S. B. No. 58

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Commi

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delego

200 President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates

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